

## Bloodborne Pathogens



# JOB CLASSIFICATION:

#### • ECSU POLICY JOB CLASSIFICATION:

- Job classifications which include employees whom all have occupational exposure
- OSHA BB Pathogen standard
  - anyone whose job requires exposure to BB pathogens is required to complete training





## WHAT IS A BB PATHOGEN?

 Microorganisms that are carried in the blood and can cause diseases in humans

## COMMON BB PATHOGEN DISEASES:

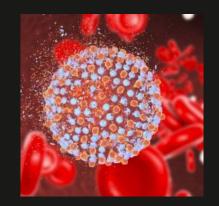


- Hepatitis B(HBV)
- Hepatitis C(HCV)
- Human
  - Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)

#### **HEPATITIS B (HBV)**

- 1–1.25 million Americans are chronically infected
- Symptoms include: jaundice, fatigue, abdominal pain, loss of appetite, intermittent nausea, vomiting
- May lead to chronic liver disease, liver cancer, and death
- Vaccination available since 1982
- HBV can survive for at least one week in dried blood
- Symptoms can occur 1–9 months after exposure



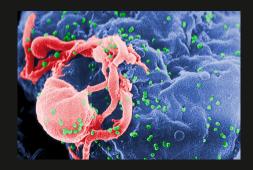


#### **HEPATITIS C (HCV)**

- Hepatitis C is the most common chronic bloodborne infection in the United States
- Symptoms include: jaundice, fatigue, abdominal pain, loss of appetite, intermittent nausea, vomiting
- May lead to chronic liver disease and death

#### HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS (HIV)

- HIV is the virus that leads to AIDS
- HIV depletes the immune system
- HIV does not survive well outside the body
- No threat on contracting HIV through casual contact



### OTHER POTENTIALLY INFECTIOUS MATERIALS, OPIM:

- Blood
- Semen or vaginal secretions
- Amniotic Fluid
- Any body fluid that is visibly contaminated with blood



## TRANSMISSION POTENTIAL



- Contact with another person's blood or bodily fluid that may contain blood
- Mucous membranes: eyes, mouth, nose
- Non-intact skin
- Contaminated sharps/needles

## YOUR EXPOSURE POTENTIAL



- Administering first aid.
- Handling of any waste products.
- Where is waste disposed?

#### UNIVERSAL PRECAUTIONS:

- Use of proper PPE
- Treat all blood and bodily fluids as if they are contaminated
- Proper cleanup and decontamination
- Disposal of all contaminated material in the proper manner





## PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

- Anything that is used to protect a person from exposure
- Latex or Nitrile gloves, goggles, CPR mouth barriers, aprons, respirators

## PPE RULES TO REMEMBER:



- Always check PPE for defects or tears before using
- If PPE becomes torn or defective remove and get new
- Remove PPE before leaving a contaminated area
- Do not reuse disposable equipment



### DECONTAMINATION

- When cleaning up surfaces use 1:10 Bleach/Water or other suitable material.
- Do an initial wipe up
- Spray and allow it to stand for ten minutes then wipe up
- Dispose of all wipes in biohazard containers
- PPE should be removed and disposed of in biohazard containers



### HAND Washing:

- Wash hands immediately after removing PPE.
- Use an antibacterial soap

#### WHEN IS WASTE CONSIDERED REGULATED MEDICAL WASTE?



- Liquid or semi-liquid blood or other potentially infectious material (OPIM)
- Contaminated items that would release blood or
  OPIM when compressed
- Contaminated sharps
- Pathological and microbiological waste containing blood or OPIM

### EXPOSURE INCIDENT

- A specific incident of contact with potentially infectious bodily fluid
- If there are no infiltrations of mucous membranes or open skin surfaces, it is not considered an occupational exposure
- Report all accidents involving blood or bodily fluids
- Post-exposure medical evaluations are offered

Name of exposed worker: Last	First :	ID #:	
Date of exposure://			
Job title/occupation:			
Location where exposure occurred:			
Name of person completing form:			
Section I. Type of Exposure (Check all Percutaneous (Needle or sharp object that was in or (Complete Sections II, III, IV, and V.)	contact with blood or body fluids)		
Mucocutaneous (Check below and complete Section: Mucous Membrane Skin	s III, IV, and VI.)		
Bite (Complete Sections III, IV, and VI.)			
Brand/manufacturer: Did the device have a sharps injury prevention feature	and the second	wn/Unable to determine	
Yes No	Unknown/Unable	to determine	
If yes, when did the injury occur?			
Before activation of safety feature was appropria	te Safety feature faile	Safety feature failed after activation	
During activation of the safety feature	Safety feature not	activated	
	Other:		
Safety feature improperly activated	where the fact that a second sec		
Safety feature improperly activated Safety feature, e.g., v	why it failed or why it was not activated:		
	wny it falled of wny it was not activated:		
Describe what happened with the safety feature, e.g., v			
	onal)		
Describe what happened with the safety feature, e.g., v	onal)		



## POST-EXPOSURE EVALUATION

- Confidential medical evaluation
- Document route of exposure
- Identify source individual
- Test source individuals blood (with individuals consent)

## HEPATITIS B VACCINATION



- Strongly endorsed by medical communities
- Offered to all potentially exposed employees
- Provided at no cost to employees
- Declination form

## Bloodborne Pathogen Quiz

