— Section 1 — Product Identification

# Material Safety Data Sheet



Martin Senour Paints 4440 Warrensville Center Road Warrensville Hts., OH 44128-2837 Emergency telephone number Information telephone number Date of preparation (216) 566-2917 (216) 566-2902 February 4, 2004

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ACR/N2

# **Acrylic Enamel Reducers**

CAS No.	— Section 2 — Hazardous Ingredients (percent by weight)	ACGIH TLV <stel></stel>	OSHA PEL <stel></stel>	Units	LD50 (Rat-Oral) mg/kg	LC50 (Rat) ppm/4hr.	Vapor Pressure mm	8834 Very Fast	8831 Regular	8832 Medium	8833 Hot Weather	CA8834 Fast	CA8831 Regular	CA8832 Slow	CA8833 Hot Weather
64742-89-8	Lt. Aliphatic HC Solvent	100	100	ppm	NAv	NAv	53.0	27	26	26		13	32	34	
64742-89-8	V. M. & P. Naphtha	300	300 <400>	ppm	NAv	NAv	12.0					19			38
108-88-3	§ Toluene	50	100 <150>	ppm (skin)	5000	4000	22.0	57	47	41	29	18	20	20	11
100-41-4	§ Ethylbenzene	100 <125>	100 <125>	ppm	3500	NAv	7.1	0.2	1.0	1	7	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
1330-20-7	§ Xylene	100 <150>	100 <150>	ppm	4300	5000	5.9		6	6	42				1
64742-95-6	Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	NAv	NAv		NAv	NAv	3.8			1					
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	25	25	ppm	NAv	NAv	2.0			1					1
95-63-6	§ 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	25	25	ppm	NAv	NAv	2.0		1	2					2
64742-94-5	Medium Aromatic Hydrocarbons	NAv	NAv		NAv	NAv	0.1		2	2					
67-56-1	§ Methanol	200 <250>	200 <250>	ppm (skin)	5630	64000	92.0					3	3	3	3
111-76-2	§ 2-Butoxyethanol	20	20	ppm (skin)	470	NAv	0.9					1	6	6	
67-64-1	Acetone	500 <750>	1000	ppm	5800	NAv	180.0	15	15	15	4	24	30	30	23
78-93-3	§ Methyl Ethyl Ketone	200 <300>	200 <300>	ppm	2740	NAv	70.0					20			
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate	150 <200>	150 <200>	ppm	13100	2000	10.0						7		
112-07-2	§ 2-Butoxyethyl Acetate	NAv	NAv		2400	NAv	1.0			3	16			6	19
	Weight per Gallon (lbs.)							6.73	6.75	6.77	7.25	6.56	6.58	6.59	6.72
	VOC (Volatile Organic Compound	ds) Emitteo	d - Ibs./gal.					5.68	5.70	5.71	6.98	4.99	4.59	4.63	5.18
	VOC Less Water & Federally Exe	empt Solve	nts - Ibs./g	al.				6.75	6.77	6.79	7.27	6.54	6.57	6.59	6.75
	Photochemically Reactive							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
	Flash Point (°F)							1	9	10	10	1	4	4	10
	HMIS (NFPA) Rating (health - fla	mmability	- reactivity)	1				2* - 3 - 0	2* - 3 - 0	2* - 3 - 0	2* - 3 - 0	3* - 3 - 0	3* - 3 - 0	3* - 3 - 0	3* - 3 - 0

§ Ingredient subject to the reporting requirements of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Section 313, 40 CFR 372.65 C

# **Acrylic Enamel Reducers**

## Section 3 — Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE - INHALATION of vapor or spray mist. EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYES: Irritation.

SKIN: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation.

INHALATION: Irritation of the upper respiratory system.

May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE - Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eve or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE - None generally recognized.

**CANCER INFORMATION -** For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11.

### Section 4 — First Aid Measures

EYES: Flush eves with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

- SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.
- Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
- INHALATION: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet.
- INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

### Section 5 — Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
See TABLE	0.5	36.5
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION - RED LABEL Extremely F	Flammable, Flash b	elow 21 °F

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS - Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES - Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

# Section 6 — Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED - Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

# Section 7 — Handling and Storage

#### STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class 1B

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING - Contents are EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively. During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of igntion.

Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

# Section 8 — Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE - Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

VENTILATION - Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94,1910.107, 1910.108.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION - If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES - Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION - Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS - Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

# Section 9 — Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT	See TABLE	EVAPORATION RATE	Slower than ether
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	0.79 - 0.87	VAPOR DENSITY	Heavier than air
BOILING POINT	132 - 415 °F	MELTING POINT	Not Available
VOLATILE VOLUME	100 %	SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Not Available

## Section 10 — Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known. INCOMPATIBILITY - None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

# Section 11 — Toxicological Information

**CHRONIC Health Hazards -**

Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Methyl Ethyl Ketone may increase the nervous system effects of other solvents.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, blood-forming, and cardiovascular systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

# Section 12 — Ecological Information

No data available.

# Section 13 — Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD - Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers. Waste from products containing Methyl Ethyl Ketone may also require extractability testing.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal. State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

# Section 14 — Transport Information

No data available.

# Section 15 — Regulatory Information

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 - WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

TSCA CERTIFICATION - All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

# Section 16 — Other Information

These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.